

The Southern Indian Ocean Fisheries Agreement (SIOFA) 2<sup>nd</sup> Meeting of the Compliance  
Committee  
21-23 June 2018

Cape Panwa Hotel, Phuket, Thailand

## MoP5-Prop03

### Proposal for Amendment of CMM 2017/09

Relates to agenda item: CC 4.1 / MoP 8 Proposal ☒ Other Document ☐ Info Paper ☐

## Delegation of Thailand

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### Abstract

Thailand attended the First Scientific Committee Stock Assessment Working Group (SAWG) and the Third Meeting of the Scientific Committee in March 2018. It is the first time of involvement after becoming a member of the SIOFA and Thailand also submitted the historical fisheries data and BFIA for consideration of the SC. In the historical data and BFIA, it clearly indicated that more than thirties species are caught by trawl fisheries in Saya de Malha Bank where is the fishing ground for multispecies fisheries.

As such, to retain all catch species onboard will support the investigation of all species interact with Thai fishery. However, in many cases, some species is in low quantities. Once after sorting, these fish must be freeze instantly. Thus, it is not practical to store each package that contains only one species as required by the CMM 2017/09 Conservation and Management Measure for Control of Fishing Activities in the Agreement Area. In addition, trash fish (marine fish having little or no market value as human food but used sometimes in the production of fish meal) is the natural mixed bycatch of bottom trawl fishery. This bycatch is necessary to be retained onboard for fully utilization as well as to benefit the collecting of scientific data as addressed by the SC.

Thailand therefore considers that the labelling of the catch product should reflect SIOFA fisheries concerned and nature of fishery and practice as well as support the working of scientific research. So, Thailand recommends to include the method of labelling of bycatch and low quantities of mixed fish as describe in Paragraph 7 of this CMM.

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### Recommendations (*proposals only*)

1. Thailand recommends to include the method of labelling of bycatch and low quantities of mixed fish as describe in Paragraph 7 of the CMM 2017/09.
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**CMM 2017/09**  
**Conservation and Management Measure for Control of fishing activities in the Agreement Area**  
**(Control)**

**Submitted by Thailand**

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**Explanatory Memorandum**

Thailand attended the First Scientific Committee Stock Assessment Working Group (SAWG) and the Third Meeting of the Scientific Committee in March 2018. It is the first time of involvement after becoming a member of the SIOFA and Thailand also submitted the historical fisheries data and BFIA for consideration of the SC. In the historical data and BFIA, it clearly indicated that more than thirties species are caught by trawl fisheries in Saya de Malha Bank where is the fishing ground for multispecies fisheries.

The SAWG noted that

“The fishery on the Saya de Malha bank (being fished or has previously been fished by Thailand, France (Territories), Seychelles, Mauritius and potentially some non-Contracting Parties) was highlighted as an area that may warrant further investigation. Thailand noted that it would be grateful for advice on SIOFA’s priorities regarding investigation of species with which its fisheries interact”

The SC also noted that

“the SAWG/SC’s workplan does not include consideration of species caught in Thai fisheries and requested discussion on this issue”

As such, to retain all catch species onboard will support the investigation of all species interact with Thai fishery. However, in many cases, some species is in low quantities. Once after sorting, these fish must be freeze instantly. Thus, it is not practical to store each package that contains only one species as required by the CMM 2017/09 Conservation and Management Measure for Control of Fishing Activities in the Agreement Area. In addition, trash fish (marine fish having little or no market value as human food but used sometimes in the production of fish meal) is the natural mixed bycatch of bottom trawl fishery. This bycatch is necessary to be retained onboard for fully utilization as well as to benefit the collecting of scientific data as addressed by the SC.

Thailand therefore considers that the labelling of the catch product should reflect SIOFA fisheries concerned and nature of fishery and practice as well as support the working of scientific research. So, Thailand recommends to include the method of labelling of bycatch and low quantities of mixed fish as describe in Paragraph 7 of this CMM.

## **CMM 2017/09**

### **Conservation and Management Measure for Control of fishing activities in the Agreement Area (Control)**

#### **The Meeting of the Parties to the Southern Indian Ocean Fisheries Agreement;**

*HAVING A MUTUAL INTEREST* in the proper management, long-term conservation and sustainable use of fishery resources in the southern Indian Ocean, and desiring to further the attainment of their objectives through cooperation;

*RECALLING* Article 6(1)(h) of the Agreement requiring the Meeting of the Parties to develop rules and procedures for the monitoring, control and surveillance of fishing activities in order to ensure compliance with conservation and management measures adopted;

*MINDFUL* of the Commitment made under Article 5 (f) of the *Agreement for the Implementation of the Provisions of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982 relating to the Conservation and Management of Straddling Fish Stocks and Highly Migratory Fish Stocks* (UNFSA) to minimise pollution, waste, and catch by lost or abandoned gear;

*AWARE* of Article 18(3)(d) of UNFSA in relation to the marking of fishing vessels and fishing gear for identification in accordance with uniform and internationally recognizable vessel and gear marking systems, such as the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations Standard Specifications for the Marking and Identification of Fishing Vessels;

*CONCERNED* by the fact that illegal, unreported and unregulated (IUU) fishing activities in the SIOFA Area of Application (the Agreement Area) undermine the long-term conservation and sustainable use of the fishery resources;

***ADOPTS* the following Conservation and Management Measure (CMM) in accordance with**

#### **Article 6 of the Agreement:**

##### **Co-operation and Contact Points**

1. In furtherance of the objectives of the Agreement, Contracting Parties, cooperating non-Contracting Party (CNCs) and participating fishing entities (PFEs) shall consult, co-operate and exchange information with other Contracting Parties, CNCs and PFEs and/or the Secretariat to facilitate the monitoring, control and surveillance of fishing activities conducted in order to ensure compliance with SIOFA CMMs, taking into account the SIOFA policy and procedures on confidentiality of data described in CMM 2017/03.

2. Contracting Parties, CNCs and PFEs shall designate the competent authority or authorities which shall act as the Contact Point for the purposes of receiving reports and notifications and issuing authorisations in accordance with the relevant SIOFA CMMs. Each Contracting Party, CNC or PFE shall send to the Secretariat the name, telephone number, e-mail address and fax number of at least two designated contact points before 30 days have passed following the adoption of this CMM. Any subsequent changes to the list shall be notified to the Secretariat without delay. The Secretariat shall put the details of the Contact Points and any changes thereto on the SIOFA website without delay.

## **Vessel requirements**

3. Each Contracting Party, CNCP and PFE shall:

(a) ensure that vessels flying its flag carry on board the current, valid documents issued by its competent authority that are contained in paragraph 6(c) of CMM 2017/07; and

(b) either ensure that vessels flying its flag carry on board valid documents issued by its competent authority containing the up to date information listed in paragraph 2 of CMM 2017/07, or otherwise agree that the Secretariat shall make this information available upon request for the purposes of control.

4. Each Contracting Party, CNCP and PFE shall ensure that vessels flying their flag authorised to operate in the Agreement Area are marked in such a way that they can be readily identified and where possible marked with generally accepted international standards, such as the FAO Standard Specification for the Marking and Identification of Fishing Vessels.

## **Marking of fixed gear**

5. Each Contracting Party, CNCP and PFE shall ensure that fixed gear used by vessels flying its flag is marked as follows: the ends of nets, lines and gear anchored to the seabed shall be fitted with flag or radar reflector buoys by day, and light buoys by night, sufficient to indicate their position and extent.

Such lights should be visible at a distance of at least two nautical miles in good visibility. Marker buoys and similar objects floating on the surface and intended to indicate the location and/or origin of fixed fishing gear, and where possible, the gear itself shall be clearly marked with the vessel's name and International Radio Call Sign.

## **Retrieval of lost or abandoned fishing gear**

6. Each Contracting Party, CNCP and PFE shall ensure that:

(a) vessels flying its flag operating with any gear on board where possible have equipment on board to retrieve discarded, lost or abandoned gear;

(b) vessels flying its flag that have lost gear shall not abandon it without making every reasonable attempt to retrieve it as soon as possible;

(c) no vessels flying its flag shall deliberately abandon fishing gear, except for safety reasons, notably vessels in distress and/or life in danger;

(d) if gear cannot be retrieved, a vessel flying its flag shall promptly notify its competent authority of the following information:

- i. the name, IMO number and call sign of the vessel;
- ii. the type of lost gear;
- iii. the quantity of gear lost;
- iv. the time when the gear was lost (consistent with the Standards for the Specification of Data described in CMM 2017/02);
- v. the position (longitude/latitude) where the gear was lost (consistent with the Standards for the Specification of Data described in CMM 2017/02);

- vi. measures taken by the vessel to retrieve lost gear , and
  - vii. report, if known, the circumstances that led to the gear being lost, or abandoned for safety reasons;
- (e) following retrieval of any lost, discarded or abandoned gear, a vessel flying its flag shall notify its competent authority of the following:
- i. the name, IMO number and call sign of the vessel that has retrieved the gear;
  - ii. the name, IMO number and call sign of the vessel that lost the gear (if known);
  - iii. the type of gear retrieved;
  - iv. the quantity of gear retrieved;
  - v. the time when the gear was retrieved (consistent with the Standards for the Specification of Data described in CMM 2017/02);
  - vi. the position (longitude/latitude) where the gear was retrieved (consistent with the Standards for the Specification of Data described in CMM 2017/02); and
  - vii. if possible, photographs of the gear retrieved; and
- (f) its competent authority shall without delay notify the Secretariat of the information referred to in paragraphs 6 (d) and (e). Where the Contracting Party, CNCP or PFE provides consent, the Secretariat shall put this information on the SIOFA website.

### **Labelling of frozen products of fishery resources**

7. Each Contracting Party, CNCP and PFE shall ensure that:

- (a) when frozen, all fishery resources or fishery resource products derived from fishing caught and retained onboard shall be identified by a clearly legible label or stamp. The label or stamp, on each box, carton, container, bag or block of frozen fishery resources or fishery resource products derived from fishing, shall indicate the species (*e.g.* common name/scientific name/FAO 3-Alpha code/codes as defined by the Scientific Committee), presentation, production date, and vessel identification number of the catching vessel;
- (b) labels are securely affixed, stamped, pre-printed or written on packaging at the time of stowage and be of a size that can be clearly read by inspectors in the normal course of their duties;
- (c) labels are marked in ink on a contrasting background; and
- (d) each package contains only one species (common name/scientific name/FAO 3-Alpha code or codes as defined by the Scientific Committee).

e) For the species that are caught in low quantities, they will be stored in a mixed container, with a label affixed indicating the product as mixed. This shall be verified by observer onboard.

f) For trash fish of bottom trawl fisheries, they will be stored separately from other good fish in a container with a label affixed indicating the product as trash fish. This shall be verified by observer onboard.

### **Scientific observer programme**

8. Without prejudice to other requirements in specific CMMs, each Contracting Party, CNCP and PFE shall ensure that the scientific observers carried by vessels flying its flag operating in the Agreement Area are qualified and authorised to perform their tasks and record any requested data.

### **Sightings and identifications of non-Contracting Party, non-CNCP and non-PFE vessels**

9. Each Contracting Party, CNCP or PFE shall ensure that vessels flying its flag report any presumed fishing as defined in the Agreement, including transshipment, by vessels flying the flag of a State or fishing entity which is not a Party to or otherwise cooperating with the Agreement in the Agreement Area. Each Contracting Party, CNCP or PFE shall ensure that reports from vessels flying its flag contain, to the extent possible, the following information:

- (a) name of vessel;
- (b) registration number/call sign of the vessel
- (c) flag State of the vessel;
- (d) date, time and position of sighting consistent with the standards for specification of data described in CMM 2017/02; and
- (e) any other relevant information regarding the sighted vessel, including photographs.

10. Each Contracting Party, CNCP or PFE shall submit this information to the Secretariat as soon as practical. The Secretariat shall forward this information to all Contracting Parties, CNCPs and PFEs for information and for consideration of further action as required by Article 17 of the Agreement at the next ordinary Meeting of the Parties.

### **Summary of reporting obligations**

11. To facilitate compliance with SIOFA reporting and submission requirements the Secretariat shall develop a summary checklist of obligations which shall be circulated to all Contracting Parties, CNCPs and PFEs annually within 30 days following any changes coming into force which will be made available on the SIOFA website.